

Без тем за 11 клас



ТЕСТ З АНГЛІЙСЬКОЇ МОВИ

Час виконання – 120 хвилин

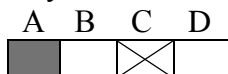
Тест складається з трьох частин. Частина «Читання» містить 22 завдання. У частині «Використання мови» - 20 завдань. Відповіді на ці завдання Ви маєте позначити в *бланку А*. Частина «Письмо» містить завдання, відповідь на яке Ви маєте записати в *бланку Б*.

Інструкція щодо роботи в тестовому зошиті

1. Правила виконання зазначені перед завданнями кожної нової форми.
2. Відповідайте тільки після того, як Ви уважно прочитали та зрозуміли завдання.
3. У разі необхідності використовуйте як чернетку вільні від тексту місця в зошиті.
4. Намагайтеся виконати всі завдання.

Інструкція щодо заповнення *бланків* відповідей

1. До *бланків А і Б* записуйте лише правильні, на Вашу думку, відповіді.
2. Відповіді вписуйте чітко, дотримуючись вимог інструкції до кожної форми завдань.
3. Неправильно позначені, підчищені відповіді в *бланку А* вважатимуться помилкою.
4. Якщо Ви позначили в *бланку А* відповідь неправильно, можете виправити її, замалювавши попередню позначку та поставивши нову, як показано на зразку:



5. Виконавши завдання частини «Письмо» у тестовому зошиті, акуратно запишіть відповідь у *бланк Б*.
6. Ваш результат залежатиме від загальної кількості правильних відповідей, зазначених у *бланку А*, та якості написання власного висловлення в *бланку Б*.

Подбай про знання сьогодні!

Товариство з обмеженою відповідальністю «РЕПЕТИТОРСЬКА ГРУПА ЗІГЗАГ»

2012р.

Частина «ЧИТАННЯ»

Reading

Task 1

Read the text below. Match choices (A–H) to (1–5). There are three choices you do not need to use. Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

These are extracts from the race diary of Ellen MacArthur, the youngest person to sail single-handed around the world.

Day 30 1 _____

I awoke with a start from a short nap. I looked out of the window in the cabin and there it was — an iceberg right by the boat. Within seconds I was on deck, and the yacht and I passed within 15-20 metres of the berg, actually sailing through the white water next to it. All I could think of was what would have happened if I had hit it. The radar was alarmed, but as is sometimes the case, the berg was invisible to the radar, even when I was right next to it.

Day 53 2 _____

I feel quite low now... this is the hardest part for me — putting us in the right place. The worry, the constant fretting, the hours spent staring at a computer screen analysing and reanalysing till you are blue in the face. I guess this is what I lack — the experience of making this kind of decision and standing by it.

Day 66 3 _____

I feel overwhelmed. The stress and difficulties of the last few days are melting away and I feel emotional as I approach Cape Horn. The second time for my boat *Kingfisher* and me together. It's a great symbol for the two of us personally, as the very first time I was ever alone on her was just a few miles from this famous rock.

Day 80 4 _____

I've been hand steering all night, the wind indicator wasn't working properly ... I've been preparing mentally for *another* climb. I'm tired, but now it's light I have to go and sort it out ... [Later] I'm totally exhausted, my leg is black from the bruises. Once I got to the top a rainstorm came over. The wind was all over the place. I just want to cry.

Day 94 5 _____

The wind has switched more south-west so I'm sailing at a good speed. I look at the repair of the sail and pray - I'm surprised that it has lasted this long. I had the weirdest dream last night: we were all doing the race on bicycles!

Don't ask me what I'm doing after this race ...

Ellen eventually finished the 2000 Vendee Globe race in second place.

- A** A significant landmark
- B** A lapse of concentration
- C** A lucky escape
- D** A strange vision
- E** An unscheduled stop
- F** A question of practice
- G** A nightmare ascent
- H** A brilliant idea

Task 2

Read the text below. For questions (6–10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D). Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Children and advertising

Views concerning advertising aimed at children differ widely in Europe. In Sweden it is considered unacceptable and is banned for children under 12 with the approval of the majority of the population. In France advertisements are seen as part of preparing children for future life in a consumer society.

5 There seems to be agreement that certain regulations at least are necessary. However, the degree to which advertising to children is regulated again varies widely from country to country. In the UK, there are rules on food advertising, health, hygiene, safety and decency and there are restrictions on broadcast time (for alcohol, medicines and slimming products). Greece has a ban on advertisements for children's toys between 7 am and 10 pm and a total
10 ban on advertisements for war toys.

Children reactions to advertisements can be very different from grown-ups. If adults see a product advertised and don't find it when they go shopping they forget about it. As children develop the ability to recognize and understand ads and their purpose they start making demands. If these demands are not fulfilled they might start screaming or throwing themselves
15 to the floor. It is difficult to explain to young children the reasons why they can not have everything which – according to advertising – is 'for them'.

The effectiveness of advertising increases when the ads are shown in between or around programmes aimed at children, or when children perceive an advertisement to be made 'for them' as, for example, with toys or breakfast cereals.

20 Advertisements today are not so much about the products but rather about the character of the consumers and how they should feel when they use or possess the advertised product. Messages to children are all about the happiness, social status or success which accompany the possession or consumption of a certain toy or type of food.

Allowing business interests and economic criteria to determine what children are exposed to
25 when watching ads will undoubtedly have some effect on their future view on society. After all, the companies certainly do not have the children's moral or social well-being in mind; they are only concerned about profits.

- 6** According to the text, which of these ads would be allowed in Greece?
- A** an ad for toy soldiers at 11 pm
 - B** an ad for a new game at 1 pm
 - C** an ad for a doll at 6 am
 - D** an ad for a remote-controlled car at 9 pm
- 7** When adults don't find something they have seen in an advertisement,
- A** they can often be quite childish about it.
 - B** it becomes irrelevant to them.
 - C** they don't understand why it is advertised.
 - D** they continue looking until they find it.
- 8** Ads aimed at children are more powerful when they are
- A** connected to schoolwork.
 - B** shown during children's programmes.
 - C** shown at breakfast time.
 - D** shown on a weekday.
- 9** The text implies that advertisements in the past
- A** presented a different lifestyle.
 - B** were more attractive to children.
 - C** focused more on the product.
 - D** showed toys children didn't want.
- 10** Why is the writer worried about the power of companies?
- A** They often sell products which are unsafe.
 - B** They often use children in their advertisements.
 - C** They don't understand how children react to ads.
 - D** They just want to make a lot of money on children.

Task 3

Read the texts below. Match choices (A – H) to (11 – 16). There are two choices you do not need to use. Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Different sportsmen and women describe the greatest challenge they've faced this year

11 Sandra McNaughton – tennis player

'I was on such a high at the start of the year. Everything seemed to be going right. And then I tripped during training and sprained my ankle. Suddenly my prospects for the rest of the year seemed worse than ever. I didn't get to compete at Wimbledon, of course, but I have now totally recovered, thank goodness.'

12 Benjamin Bailey - footballer

'Things weren't so good in September, when the rumours started in the press that I was to be dropped from the team. My coach and manager both reassured me they weren't true, but I had sleepless nights about it. I've learnt an important lesson, though: never believe what you read in the papers.'

13 Marcus Jordan – rugby player

'It was a very weird year for me, knowing it was my last season playing professionally. I don't regret taking the decision to retire, but with every game I felt just a little sadder. I'm not going to completely disappear, though, as I'll be playing as an amateur for the Lincolnshire Warriors, a club for old players.'

14 Helen Tyler – long-distance runner

'The marathon in Lisbon. I was desperate to win, but I just wasn't prepared for running in that kind of heat and I found it really difficult to keep up the pace. There were moments when I thought I wouldn't make it. Thankfully, I just kept going, and it paid off. I cried when I was awarded the trophy.'

15 Luke Zafelli - sprinter

'My whole world fell to pieces when they told me I'd failed a drugs test, wouldn't be able to compete in the European Championships and that my career was over. When they finally admitted there'd been a mix-up with blood samples and I was reinstated, just before the Championships, I was thrilled.'

16 Angela 'Tornado' Wilson – snooker player

'Last year I was World Snooker Champion. This year I haven't won a single major championship. When you suffer one defeat after another, it makes it even more difficult to win the next time. I'm trying to learn how not to let failure affect me, so I can play again. I'll be back, and I'll be better than ever!'

Which person

A predicts that their performance will improve?

B was accused of wrongdoing?

C didn't know if two things would work together?

D felt uncertain because of something they read?

E made a choice to stop something?

F missed an important sporting event?

G was unsure that they would achieve victory?

H felt pressure from journalists to do well?

Task 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A – H) the one which best fits each space (17 – 22). There are three choices you do not need to use. Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

William Blake (1757-1827) is today regarded as one of the most original of English writers and artists, (17) _____.

Born in London, he spent most of his years in the centre of the capital, (18) _____; the streets of the metropolis became for him windows to infinite time and space.

Blake's visions began early, and throughout his life he experienced what was, for him, direct contact with spirits of the long-dead, with angels, God and the devil. While modern psychiatry would consider Blake to have been under the spell of hallucinations, (19) _____. He was also not shy in describing the sources of his inspiration to his friends and colleagues. The eccentric reputation he thus gained did little to help him to commercial success; for most of his life his work was neglected, (20) _____.

But while his work was often out of step with his time, (21) _____. Trained as an engraver, he pushed forward the boundaries of that art by his own innovations, and combined it with his poetry to such an extent that one cannot be properly understood without the other. Among the best known (and easiest to understand) of his hand-illustrated books are *Songs of Innocence* and *Songs of Experience*, (22) _____.



A for him the visions were real, and directly inspired and guided his art

B but his visionary powers transformed all around him

C despite all this, his dedication to his art never wavered

D and he often lived near to poverty

E which contain some of the simplest and the most beautiful lyrics in the English language

F yet during his lifetime he was largely ignored and often called mad

G few of the best artists of his day doubted his technical ability

H exchanging thoughts and visions

Частина «ВИКОРИСТАННЯ МОВИ»

Use of English

Task 5

Read the text below. Fill in the gaps (23 – 32) with the correct answer (A, B, C or D). Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Global positioning system

GPS, or Global Positioning System, is a remarkable (23) _____. Using a simple receiver, it is now possible to know your exact location on Earth at the press of a button, possibly making the simple map and compass (24) _____.

The (25) _____ of GPS was developed by the US military and the system was set up by them. It is based on a network of 24 satellites in orbit around the Earth. Using radio signals, the hand-held receiver calculates the (26) _____ to the satellites and is then able to figure (27) _____ where the user is to (28) _____ a few metres.

There are (29) _____ practical applications of this system. For example, it was used during (30) _____ of the Channel Tunnel, connecting England to France, to (31) _____ sure that the two ends of the tunnel met in the middle. Car companies are currently (32) _____ ways of including GPS equipment in every car, so wondering whether to turn right or left at the next junction could soon be a thing of the past.

23	A appliance	B discovery	C solution	D invention
24	A traditional	B classic	C obsolete	D old
25	A concept	B ideal	C image	D thought
26	A length	B line	C distance	D size
27	A off	B up	C on	D out
28	A within	B among	C between	D around
29	A uncountable	B numerous	C massive	D grand
30	A installation	B construction	C shaping	D manufacture
31	A do	B have	C make	D take
32	A researching	B experimenting	C estimating	D predicting

Task 6

Read the text below. For questions (33 – 42) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D). Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

The Red Apes of Borneo

Almost everybody in the world has heard of orang-utans. These tree-climbing primates have been glamorised by the media, appeared in Hollywood and (33) _____ seen in most zoos worldwide. The ‘orang-utan’, which means ‘Man of the Forest’ in Malay, is the largest tree-living mammal and (34) _____ great ape in Asia.

It isn’t hard to understand why the Malays call this primate ‘orang-utan’. The orang-utan is (35) _____ human in behaviour – gentle, curious and playful – they live in the vast tropical forests and, under ideal conditions, roam the forests in search of widely-distributed food sources such as fruits, plants and insects. The same size (36) _____ a human baby when it is a toddler, an orang-utan can weight (37) _____ 90 kilograms upon reaching adulthood. Unfortunately, not many do.

33	A may be	B could be	C can be	D could have been
34	A exclusively	B one	C alone	D the only
35	A incredible	B incredibly	C incredulous	D incredibility
36	A like	B as	C such as	D such
37	A up to	B totally	C heavier than	D like

Health smart

The cold and flu season is back again, so it’s time to (38) _____ up on prevention and treatment. The cold months are associated (39) _____ low humidity and the dry air makes the nasal cavity more susceptible to bugs. Consequently, cases of colds and flu surge between the beginning of autumn and spring (the average adult (40) _____ two to four respiratory infections a year; children even more).

Because the season is upon us, it is a good idea (41) _____ a few cold and flu tactics. For example, when someone with a cold sneezes, coughs or sniffles, keep your distance. Hugging, kissing and shaking hands are sure ways (42) _____ a cold.

38	A bring	B brush	C get	D take
39	A for	B on	C to	D with
40	A gets	B is getting	C has got	D got
41	A to revise	B revision	C revising	D being revised
42	A having caught	B catching	C to catch	D of caught

Частина «ПИСЬМО»

Writing

43. You've spent a few weeks travelling around Europe. Write a letter to the person you've made friends with in England in which

- express your gratitude for the pleasant pastime;
- tell about your further trip;
- tell about your impressions of the whole trip;
- tell about a little surprise you are preparing for your English friend.

Write a letter of at least 100 words. Do not write your own name, any dates and addresses or other personal information. Start your letter in an appropriate way.

[illegible]

Кінець тестового зошита